# Unix-Basic Cheat Sheet (Terminal)

Server Management-SSH

Command	Description
ssh user@ssh.fsl.byu.edu	connect to fsl host as user (It ask you for your password)
whoami	who you are logged in as
date	shows the current date and time
man command	show the manual for <i>command</i> function (e.g., man ls). To quit
	man type: q
pwd	prints working directory (displays the full path, or your
	location on the filesystem)
ls	lists contents of current directory
ls -l	lists contents of current directory with extra details
ls -l -tr	lists contents of current directory with extra details by recently
	modified at the end of list
ls *.txt	lists all files in ending in .txt
cd	change directory to your home directory
cd ∼	change directory to your home directory
cd mydir	change directory to mydir subdirectory
cd	changes to directory above current one
cd -	change directory to the last directory you were in before
	changing to wherever you are now

## Wildcard characters

*	matches any character. example: Is *.pl lists any file ending with ".pl"; rm dataset* will remove all files beginning with "dataset"
[xyz]	matches any character in the brackets (x, y, or z). example: cat do[or]m.txt will display the contents of either doom.txt or dorm.txt

Copying files and directories

mkdir mynewdir	makes a directory called mynewdir
cp myfile mynewfile	copies myfile to mynewfile (Note: if mynewfile already exists, this will overwrite it)
cp -r dir newdir	copies the whole directory dir to newdir. –r must be specified to copy directory contents recursively
scp myfile username@ssh.fsl.byu.edu:/fslhome/username/	copies files from your computer to the byu clusters (it ask you for your password). Note: path is the location in your computer that you want that folder, use pwd for that purpose.
scp username@ssh.fsl.byu.edu:/fslhome/username/myfile	copies files from the byu clusters user home directory to your computer in the current directory
scp -r mydir username@ssh.fsl.byu.edu:/fslhome/username/	copies files from your computer to the byu clusters user home directory (it ask you for your password). Note: path is the location in your computer that you want that folder, use pwd for that purpose.
<pre>scp -r username@ssh.fsl.byu.edu:/fslhome/username/mydir path/mydir</pre>	copies files from the byu clusters to your computer

Deleting and moving files and directories

Deleting and moving mes and directories	
rm myfile	removes file called myfile
rm -f myfile	removes myfile without asking you for confirmation. Useful if using wildcards to remove files ***
rm -rf mydir	this will delete directory mydir along with all its content without asking you for confirmation! ***
mv myfile newlocdir	moves myfile into the destination directory newlocdir
mv myfile newname	renames file to newname. if a file called newname exists, this will overwrite it!
mv dir subdir	moves the directory called dir to the directory called subdir
mv dir newdirname	renames directory dir to newdirname

# Unix-Basic Cheat Sheet (Terminal)

# **File Contents**

Command	Description
cat new.txt	displays the contents of new.txt
more new.txt	displays the contents of new.txt screen by screen. Spacebar to page down, q to quit
head new.txt	displays first 10 lines of new.txt
tail new.txt	displays last 10 lines of new.txt

## **VIM Text editor**

vim filename	opens filename in terminal
SHIFT + zz	quits vim

#### Compression and expansion of files

tar cf file.tar file1 file2	Create a tar named "file.tar" containing file1 and file 2
tar cf file.tar *.*	create a tar named file.tar containing all files in folder
tar czf file.tar.gz file1 file2	Create a tar with Gzip compression containing file1 and file 2
tar cjf file.tar.bz2 file1 file2	Create a tar with Bzip2 compression containing file1 and file 2
tar xf file.tar	Extract the files from "file.tar"
tar xzf file.tar.gz	Extract the files from "files.tar.gz"
tar xjf file.tar.bz2	Extract the files from "file.tar.bz2"
gzip file	Compress file and renames it to "file.gz"
gzip -d file.gz	Decompresses file.gz back to file
unzip file.zip	Decompresses file.zip

# Sbatch jobs:

#### Intro video:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U42qlYkzP9k&index=4&list=PL326A5EB4E3B16FED

1) Make a text file (e.g., mytest.job) that contains: Basic batch job

```
#!/bin/bash

#SBATCH --time= 6-12:00:00  # walltime in days-hours:minutes:seconds (max 7-00:00:00 -- 7 days)

#SBATCH --ntasks=1  # number of processor cores (i.e. tasks)

#SBATCH --mem-per-cpu=4gb  # memory in gb or mb per CPU core

#SBATCH --mail-user=XXXXXXXQ@mail.com  # your email address

#SBATCH --mail-type=BEGIN #email you when the job begins

#SBATCH --mail-type=END #email you when the job ends

cd /fslhome/user_name/compute/mydirectory

[HERE your commands e.g.: perl myscript.pl inputfile.txt]
```

# Batch job with modules:

https://marylou.byu.edu/documentation/apps/softwareModuleList

## RaxML job

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --time=12:00:00  # walltime in days-hours:minutes:seconds (max 7-00:00:00 -- 7 days)
#SBATCH --ntasks=1  # number of processor cores (i.e. tasks)
#SBATCH --nodes=2  # number of nodes
#SBATCH --mem-per-cpu=1gb  # memory per CPU core
#SBATCH --mail-user=XXXXXXXXQ@mail.com  # your email address
#SBATCH --mail-type=BEGIN #email you when the job begins
#SBATCH --mail-type=END #email you when the job ends
module load raxml/7.7.8

cd /fslhome/user_name/compute/mydirectory_raxml
raxmlHPC-SSE3 -N 10 -m GTRCAT -s myalign.phy -n myalign.phy [Note: see RAxML commands]
```

### MrBayes job

------

```
#!/bin/bash

#SBATCH --time=12:00:00  # walltime in days-hours:minutes:seconds (max 7-00:00:00 -- 7 days)
#SBATCH --ntasks=16  # number of processor cores (i.e. tasks)
#SBATCH --nodes=1  # number of nodes
#SBATCH --mem-per-cpu=250Mb  # memory per CPU core
#SBATCH --mail-user=XXXXXXXXQ@mail.com  # your email address
#SBATCH --mail-type=BEGIN #email you when the job begins
#SBATCH --mail-type=END #email you when the job ends
module load mrbayes/3.2.4_intel-15.0.0
PROG="mb_beagle_sse_mpi"
#---Change "myfilealigned.nex" to the name of your input file with MrBayes block------#
ARGS="myfilealigned.nex"
cd /fslhome/user_name/compute/mydirectory_mrbayes
mpirun -np **NODES** $PROG $ARGS
exit 0
```

# **BEAST** job

```
#!/bin/bash

#SBATCH --time=12:00:00  # walltime in days-hours:minutes:seconds (max 7-00:00:00 -- 7 days)
#SBATCH --ntasks=1  # number of processor cores (i.e. tasks)
#SBATCH --nodes=1  # number of nodes
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=12
#SBATCH --mem-per-cpu=1Gb  # memory per CPU core
#SBATCH --mail-user=XXXXXXXX@gmail.com  # your email address
#SBATCH --mail-type=BEGIN #email you when the job begins
#SBATCH --mail-type=END #email you when the job ends
module load beast/2.1.3
cd /fslhome/user_name/compute/mydirectory_beast

BEAGLE_INSTANCES=$SLURM_CPUS_ON_NODE

beast -beagle_SSE -beagle_instances $BEAGLE_INSTANCES mybeast_file.xml
exit 0
```

## R environment job

```
#!/bin/bash

#SBATCH --time=12:00:00  # walltime in days-hours:minutes:seconds (max 7-00:00:00 -- 7 days)

#SBATCH --ntasks=1  # number of processor cores (i.e. tasks)

#SBATCH --nodes=1  # number of nodes

#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=12

#SBATCH --mem-per-cpu=1Gb  # memory per CPU core

#SBATCH --mail-user=XXXXXXXX@gmail.com  # your email address

#SBATCH --mail-type=BEGIN #email you when the job begins

#SBATCH --mail-type=END #email you when the job ends

module load r/3.1.1

mkdir /fslhome/user_name/R/R_libs # you need to create this repository for your libraries only once

cd /fslhome/user_name/compute/mydirectory_R

R --vanilla < simple_script.r
```

## simple script.r

```
##Simple job in R
install.packages("ape", repos="http://cran.r-project.org", lib="/fslhome/user_name/R/R_libs")
library("ape", lib="/fslhome/user_name/R/R_libs")
random_trees <- rtree(10) # generate a random, non-ultrametric tree of 10 tips
write.nexus (random_trees, file = "mytrees.tre")
## end simple_script.r</pre>
```

## More info:

https://www.osc.edu/documentation/howto/install-local-R-packages

2) Copy your files and job directories to the BYU cluster. You can use 'FileZilla' which is a free, cross-platform FTP (File Transfer Protocol) application software.

# https://filezilla-project.org/

Binaries are available for Windows, Linux, and Mac OS X.

If this is your first time, you need to set up the FTP connection:



Host: ssh.fsl.byu.edu
Username: user\_name
Password: your password

Port: 22 (SSH Remote Login Protocol)

Then, you can 'drag and drop' your folders and files (including your job files) to the BYU cluster

3) To submit jobs, you will need to locate your job file (e.g., mytest.job)

sbatch mytest.job

Your job will be scheduled and run based on Job Scheduler see video:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h8TZokyl6yo&list=PL326A5EB4E3B16FED&index=2

Your can check the status of your job

squeue -u user\_name

4) If, for some reason, you want to cancel a job , find the job id name with and then cancel it

squeue -u user\_name scancel jobnumber